JURISDICTION:	HAWAII This chapter summarizes Hawaii State statutes related to speed.
General Reference:	Hawaii Revised Statutes
Basis for a Speed Law Violation:	
Basic Speed Rule:	A person shall not drive a vehicle at a speed greater than is reasonable and prudent and having regard to the actual and potential hazards and conditions then existing. §§291C-101 & 291C-198(a)
Statutory Speed Limit: See Other below.	35 MPH (58 kilometers per hour) for Mopeds ¹ §291C-198(b)
Posted (Maximum) Speed Limit:	I. The State Director of Transportation may place signs establishing the maximum speed limit on any highway or "construction area" under the director's jurisdiction. §§291C-102(b) & 1 of Act 293 (2000) II. Local governments may establish maximum speed limits on streets, highways or "construction area" under their jurisdiction. §§291C-163(a)(5), (10), (15) & (23) and 1 of Act 293 (2000)
Minimum Speed Limit:	A person, driving at less than the normal speed of traffic, shall drive in the right-hand lane then available for traffic or as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway. §291C-41(b)
Posted (Minimum) Speed Limit:	I. The Director of Transportation may place signs establishing the minimum speed limit on any highway. §291C-102(b) II. Local governments may establish minimum speed limits on streets and highways under their jurisdiction. §291C-163(a)(5), (10), (15) & (23)
Other: Adjudication of Speed Law Violations:	I. A vehicle or combination of vehicles designed to operate at speed ≤25 MPH may be required to display a sign indicating that it is a slow moving vehicle. §291C-130 II. Bicycles and mopeds not traveling at the normal rate of speed "shall ride as near to the right side of the roadway as practicable" §\$291C-145(a) & 291C-196(a) III. A "neighborhood electric vehicle" cannot (1) be operated at a speed >25 MPH or (2), except for crossing, be driven on a highway with a posted speed limit >35 MPH. ³ §291C-134(a) & (b)
Civil/Criminal Adjudication of Violation:	All Speed Law Violations are Traffic Infractions/Violations. §\$291C-102(a), 291C-161(a), 291C-192(a), 291D-2 & 701-107(1)

Sanctions Following an Adjudication of a Speed Law Violation:

Other:

¹Notwithsanding this speed limit, after April 23, 1998, mopeds offered for sale in the State of Hawaii must meet the following engine and speed specifications. A moped engine can only have a "two horsepower (one thousand four hundred ninety-two watts) or less and, if it is a combustion engine, a maximum piston or rotor displacement of 3.05 cubic inches (fifty cubic centimeters) and which will propel the moped, unassisted, on a level surface at a maximum speed no greater than thirty miles per hour." §291C-202(a)(1) Note: Prior to this date, the law (§291C-202(a)(1) prior to amendment in 1998) provided that mopeds offered for sale could have a maximum unassisted speed on a level surface of 35 MPH. A "grandfather" clause in the cited statute provides that these 35 MPH speed mopeds may still be legally operated in the State.

²Note: Hawaii law does not specifically state whether different highway speed limits may be established either for different types of vehicles, for various weather conditions or for different times of the day.

³A "neighborhood electric vehicle" is defined as a four wheeled motor vehicle which (1) is emission free, (2) is designed to carry 1 to 4 persons, (3) is designed to operate a speeds ≤25 MPH, (4) has an unladen weight of <1,800 lbs. and (5) satisfies Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard No. 500 related to low speed vehicles (49 CFR 571.500). §291C-1

HAWAII

Criminal Sanctions:

Imprisonment:

Term (Day, Month, Years,

Etc.):

Mandatory Minimum Term:

Fine:

Amount (\$ Range):

Mandatory Min. Fine (\$):

Other Penalties:

Traffic School:

Other:

Licensing Action:

Type of Licensing Action

(Susp/Rev):

Term of License Withdrawal (Days, Months, Years, etc.):

Mandatory Minimum Term of Withdrawal:

Miscellaneous Sanctions Not Included Elsewhere:

Other Criminal Actions Related to Speeding:

None

1st offense-Not more than \$200 2nd offense (within 1 year)-Not more than

\$300 3rd or subsequent offense (within 1 year)-Not more than \$500

§§291C-161(b) and 291D-9(a) & (b)⁴

None

A person may be required to attend a driver training course.⁵ §291C-

I. Court Ordered Suspension or Revocation via §286-125

II. Court Ordered Suspension or Revocation via §291C-170

Historical Note: The State's Point System has been repealed. Act 60,

Session Laws of 1997

I. Under §286-126, the court is authorized to either suspend a license for not more than **5 years** or revoke a license. In the case revocation, the licensing agency is not to grant driving privileges for **1 year**.

II. Under §291C-170, the court is authorized to either suspend or revoke a

license for 1 year.

None Licensing action is discretionary. §§286-125, 286-128(b) & 291C-

170

The court has the authority to order a temporary suspension of a person's

license for a traffic infraction. §291D-12(4)

⁴The district courts must establish schedules of monetary assessments for traffic infractions. These assessments cannot exceed the maximum fine prescribed by law. §291D-9(b)

⁵The district court is authorized to order an offender, who within 12 months has violated the traffic laws with such frequency as to indicated disrespect for such laws, to report in person to the court for a review of their driving record. Following such a review, the court may order a offender to attend a course of instruction in driver retaining. §286-128

Racing on Highway⁶:

(1) Petty Misdemeanor or (2) If only Exhibition of Speed or Acceleration are Involved, Infraction (A Non Criminal Offense)⁷ §§291C-103, 291D-2

and 701-107(1) & (4)

Sanctions:

Criminal Sanction: Imprisonment (Term):

Petty Misdemeanor-Not more than 6 months §291C-103(e)

Infraction-None

None

Mandatory Minimum Term:

Fine (\$ Range):

Petty Misdemeanor-Not more than \$500 §291C-103(e)

Infraction-Not more than \$500 §291C-103(e)

Mandatory Minimum Fine:

Administrative Licensing Action: Licensing Authorized and Type of Action:

Length of Term of
Licensing Withdrawal:

I. Court Ordered Suspension or Revocation via §286-125II. Court Ordered Suspension or Revocation via §291C-170

I. Under §286-126, the court is authorized to either suspend a license for not more than **5 years** or revoke a license. In the case revocation, the licensing agency is not to grant driving privileges for **1 year**.

II. Under §291C-170, the court is authorized to either suspend or revoke a

license for 1 year.

Mandatory Action--Minimum

Length of License Withdrawal:

None Licensing action is discretionary. §§286-125 & 291C-170

Other:

I. <u>Infraction</u>-Sentenced to Perform **Community Service** §291C-103(e)
II. A person may be required to attend a driver training course. §291C-161(e)

III. A fee of \$25 which is paid into the Criminal Injuries Compensation

Fund. §351-351

Reckless Driving8:

Petty Misdemeanor §§291-2 & 701-107(4)

⁶Bicycle Racing. Except as authorized by law, it is a traffic violation for a person to race a bicycle on the highways. The sanctions for such a violation are, for a 1st offense not more than \$200, for a 2nd offense (within 1 year of the first offense) not more than \$300 and for a 3rd or subsequent offense (within 1 year of the first offense) not more than \$500. §\$291C-149 and 291C-161(a) & (b) Court ordered license suspension or revocation is also possible. §291C-170

⁷A person is prohibited from driving a vehicle on a highway in "any race, speed competition or contest, drag race or acceleration contest, test of physical endurance, exhibition of speed or acceleration, or for the purpose of making speed record...." §291C-103(a)

⁸Inattention to Driving. The law also establishes the offense of "inattention to driving." This offense is defined as operating "any vehicle

HAWAII

Sanction: Criminal: Imprisonment (Term): Not more than 30 days §291-2 Other Criminal Actions Related to Speeding: (continued) Reckless Driving: (continued) Mandatory Minimum Term of Imprisonment: None Fine (\$ Range): Not more than \$1,000 \$291-2 Mandatory Minimum Fine: None Administrative Licensing Actions: Type of Licensing Action (Susp/Rev): I. Court Ordered Suspension or Revocation via §286-125 II. Court Ordered Suspension or Revocation via §291C-170 Historical Note: The State's Point System has been repealed. Act 60, Session Laws of 1997 Length of Term of License Withdrawal Action: I. Under §286-126, the court is authorized to either suspend a license for not more than 5 years or revoke a license. In the case revocation, the licensing agency is not to grant driving privileges for 1 year. II. Under §291C-170, the court is authorized to either suspend or revoke a license for 1 year. Mandatory Term of License Withdrawal Action: None Licensing action is discretionary. §§286-125, 286-128(b) & 291C-Other: I. A person may be required to attend a driver training course. §291C-

Fund. §351-351

II. A fee of \$25 which is paid into the Criminal Injuries Compensation

without due care or in a manner as to cause a collision with, or injury or damage to, as the case may be, any person, vehicle or other property...." This offense is a Petty Misdemeanor with the following sanctions: Incarceration t for not more than **30 days** or a fine of not more than **\$500**. §§291-12 & 701-107(4) Plus a fee of **\$25** which is paid into the Criminal Injuries Compensation Fund. §351-351 Note: The administrative licensing actions are the same as for Reckless Driving.

Commercial Motor Vehicle (CMV) Operators⁹:

Grounds for Disqualification: A person is disqualified from operating a CMV if while driving such a

vehicle they either (1) commit 2 "serious traffic violations" within a 3 year period or (2) commit 3 such violations within a 3 year period. §286-

240(e)

Period of Disqualification: 2 serious violations (within 3 years)-Not less than 60 days 3 serious

violations (within 3 years)-Not less than 120 days §286-240(e)

<u>Period of Mandatory Disqualification:</u> <u>2 serious violations</u> (within 3 years)-**60 days** <u>3 serious violations</u> (within 3

years)-120 days §286-240(e)

⁹A person who has obtained a commercial driver's license (CDL) and is qualified to operate a commercial motor vehicle. A commercial motor vehicle is defined as a vehicle designed to carry either passengers or property and either has a gross vehicle weight of ≥26,001 lbs., is designed to transport 16 or more persons, or is transporting hazardous materials which requires that the vehicle to be placarded in accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation regulations. §286-2

¹⁰A "serious traffic violation" includes exceeding the speed limit by 15 or more MPH or reckless driving. \$286-231